Breadcrumb

- 1. Hogar
- 2. Print
- 3. Pdf
- 4. Node
- 5. Entity Print

Importing Camelids (Camels, Llamas, Alpacas and Guanacos) into the United States

Last Modified:



USDA APHIS regulates the importation of all ruminants and their germplasm (embryos/oocytes, semen, cloning tissue) to prevent the spread of animal diseases. **Ruminants** include all animals which chew the cud, such as cattle, buffaloes, sheep,

goats, deer, antelopes, camels, llamas and giraffes.

View Countries From Which Camelids and Their Germplasm May Be Imported

Farmed camelids may only be imported from the countries listed on this page.

Live Camelids

Australia; a permit and export health certificate are required.

Protocol Farmed Camelids from Australia (306.67 KB) - 2020

Canada

• Protocol Domestic Camelids from Canada (335.16 KB) - 2020

What You Need To Know

- U.S. transits are classified as shipments presented to a U.S. port of entry for conveyance purposes to then be transported to a destination country shortly after.
 - Notice Regarding APHIS Live Animal Import and Third-Country Import Transit Permits (272.29 KB)
- Please note that any animals and their germplasm transiting the United States
 must not transit countries with questionable disease statuses prior to reaching
 a U.S. port of entry.
- All transits require a contingency plan. Submit your contingency plan with your permit application (<u>VS 17-129</u> (211.74 KB)) to <u>laipermits@usda.gov</u>. To submit an import permit electronically, visit <u>APHIS eFile</u>.

If you are applying to import live animals, semen, and embryos, you may submit applications by email to laipermits@usda.gov.

Contact Us

Download contacts

Live Animal Imports

For questions about import permits or permit applications:

Live Animal Import Permit Team

Email: laipermits@usda.gov

Phone: <u>301-851-3300</u>

For general questions related to the import of a live animal:

Live Animal Import and Export

Email: <u>laie@usda.gov</u>

Phone: 301-851-3300

All Contacts

<u>Print</u>